

countless hours of service to Floridians in need helped earn him the nickname "Citizen Smith," as well as the Laurie D. Zelon Pro Bono Award, which was presented to him in 2002 by Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsberg.

Chesterfield also served as president of the Florida Bar Association and chair of the Florida Constitutional Revision Commission, which drafted what became the new state Constitution of 1968. In 1997, former Gov. Lawton Chiles and the Cabinet, recognizing this work, named Chesterfield Smith one of the state's "Great Floridians."

However, Chesterfield may best be remembered for his service as president of the American Bar Association. Shortly after Chesterfield took the helm of the ABA in 1973, President Nixon dramatically fired special prosecutor Archibald Cox, assigned to investigate the Watergate scandal. The next day, Chesterfield became one of the first national leaders to publicly call for the President's resignation. In an ABA statement Chesterfield stated, "No man is above the law," and bravely refused to back down from the legal principles that he so cherished.

I am proud to have called Chesterfield a friend. I believe Justice Ginsberg said it well when she described Chesterfield as "among the brightest, boldest, bravest, all-around most effective lawyers ever bred in Florida and the USA." Chesterfield was a wonderful person.

On behalf of the Tampa Bay community, I would like to extend my deepest sympathies to Chesterfield's family. The people of Florida and of the Nation will always remember his enormous contributions.

CONGRATULATING THE CITY OF PAWTUCKET, RI

HON. JAMES R. LANGEVIN

OF RHODE ISLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 24, 2003

Mr. LANGEVIN. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to congratulate the city of Pawtucket, RI. The U.S. Conference of Mayors chose to profile Pawtucket as one of 28 cities exemplifying the nation's best small business practices. The city's Arts and Entertainment Initiative is an example of how government policies can encourage creativity, innovation, development and economic growth.

Pawtucket has been attractive to artists since Samuel Slater founded America's textile industry there in 1783. In 1998, Pawtucket created a 307-acre Arts and Entertainment District, which has gained nationwide recognition in four short years for being a great place to create and sell artwork.

The Pawtucket city government has encouraged artists to relocate by forgiving within the district sales tax for limited production works of art and state income tax for artists. In addition, studio space is available for one-third the rental rate of nearby Boston.

Mayor James Doyle has capitalized on the fact that artists fuel economic growth and has stated, "Some say a picture is worth a thousand words. But here in our City, we know that it's worth a lot more." The Rhode Island Statewide Planning Program estimates that for every three artists that relocate to Pawtucket, an additional two jobs are generated in the

state's economy. The Arts and Entertainment District is generating more than \$1 million annually for the statewide economy.

I am proud that a city in my state of Rhode Island has earned this distinction, and I hope that other cities follow Pawtucket's lead and develop innovative small business practices to contribute to economic growth.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. DONALD A. MANZULLO

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 24, 2003

Mr. MANZULLO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to inform you that on House rollcall vote No. 429, the Foreign Operations Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2004, I intended to vote "aye", but inadvertently voted "nay". I would like this statement to be included in the appropriate section of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2004

SPEECH OF

HON. HENRY BONILLA

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 24, 2003

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2799) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes:

Mr. BONILLA. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of the Fiscal Year 2004 Commerce, Justice, State and the Judiciary Appropriations Act. This bill includes funding which will help protect and strengthen the many communities in the 23rd district. I am particularly pleased that the report to accompany this bill includes language which will be beneficial to those communities which contract with the Federal Bureau of Prisons for the detention of inmates. The report originally included language encouraging the Bureau of Prisons to use existing state and private prison capacity to meet their bed space needs. At my request, this language was amended to add local prisons to the list of facilities which the Bureau of Prisons is directed to use. This small but important change will direct the Bureau of Prisons to take advantage of existing locally run detention facilities such as the Reeves County Detention Center. It is my sincere hope that the newest 1,000 bed facility at the Reeves County Detention Center will be utilized by the Bureau of Prisons to provide cost effective housing to federal prisoners. Use of this facility would be particularly beneficial to the Bureau given the low cost of housing inmates in this area. I thank Chairman FRANK WOLF for his attention to this matter which is of great importance to Reeves County and saves taxpayer dollars.

THE 29TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE TURKISH INVASION OF CYPRUS

HON. HILDA L. SOLIS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 24, 2003

Ms. SOLIS. Mr. Speaker, twenty-nine years ago, on July 20, 1974, Turkish forces invaded the Republic of Cyprus and seized control of over one third of the island. As a Member of the Congressional Caucus on Hellenic Issues, I rise today to remember that Cyprus remains divided by the green line, a 113-mile barbed wire fence that runs across the island, and partially occupied. Such division and occupation is harmful to both Greek and Turkish Cypriots: and must end.

The Turkish invasion of 1974 claimed the lives of 5,000 Cypriots, expelled another 200,000 from their homes and took control of 37 percent of Cyprus's territory. Such human devastation is deeply saddening. I stand with the Cypriot-American community and the Hellenic-American community in condemning this black anniversary hope that a settlement to the Cyprus problem can be facilitated. I am pleased that the House of Representatives unanimously passed a resolution "to give any assistance necessary for finding a just and durable settlement for the Cyprus problem," but we must not stop working on this issue until Cyprus is reunited and Greek and Turkish Cypriots can live peacefully together.

TRIBUTE TO BOYNE CITY, MICHIGAN ON ITS SELECTION AS A MICHIGAN MAIN STREET COMMUNITY

HON. BART STUPAK

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 24, 2003

Mr. STUPAK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the achievements of Boyne City, Michigan, which has been named one of four Michigan Main Street communities for 2003 in a statewide competition sponsored by the Michigan Economic Development Corporation.

Boyne City in northwestern Lower Michigan recognizes as its greatest downtown assets scenic water resources and historic turn-of-the-century architecture. With the comprehensive community-wide proposal it developed over a period of several years, Boyne City could not be a better candidate for the kind of downtown makeover that Main Street communities receive as part of this commercial revitalization program.

The seeds of Boyne City's application to be a Main Street community were planted about five years ago, when local resident Tom Johnson, of the Northern Michigan Economic Alliance, attended a national Main Street Program conference. Recognizing the value of its historic resources and the economic benefits of the Main Street program, in 1999 a collaborative Boyne City group including citizens, business people, the Downtown Development Authority and City representatives formed the Boyne City Main Street committee with the goal of becoming a Main Street community.

Boyne City's years of effort met with success on June 19, 2003, when MEDC announced that Boyne City was one of four